STUDY AND LEARNING CENTRE

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STUDY TIPS

WORKED SOLUTIONS

NM2.6 NUMERICAL METHODS: RUNGE-KUTTA METHOD

Question

For the second order differential equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = x \qquad y(0) = 1 \qquad y'(0) = 0$$

Apply two steps of the second order Runge-Kutta scheme to obtain the approximate solution to y at x = 1.0.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= f(x, y, u) & \frac{du}{dx} &= g(x, y, u) \\ k_1 &= hf(x_n, y_n, u_n) & l_1 &= hg(x_n, y_n, u_n) \\ k_2 &= hf(x_n + h, y_n + k_1, u_n + l_1) & l_2 &= hg(x_n + h, y_n + k_1, u_n + l_1) \\ y_{n+1} &= y_n + \frac{1}{2}(k_1 + k_2) & u_{n+1} &= u_n + \frac{1}{2}(l_1 + l_2) \end{aligned}$$

Worked Solution

Write this
$$2^{nd}$$
 order DE as a 1^{St} order DE
Let $u = \frac{dy}{dx}$, then $\frac{du}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} \begin{pmatrix} dy \\ dx \end{pmatrix} = \frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$

Substituting into
$$d^2y + y = x : du + y = x \Rightarrow du = x - y$$

Note: $dy = x$ is a function of x and u , so
 $dy = f(x, y, u) = u$
 $du = x$
 $du = x - y$
 $dx = x - y$

2 steps (n=0, n=1) required for solution at x=0.5Initial condition is x=0, hence $h=\frac{0.5}{2} = 0.25$

 $\underbrace{ n = 1 : } x_{1} = 0.25 , y_{1} = 0.96875 , u_{1} = -0.21875 , h = 0.25 } \\ K_{1} = hf(x_{1}, y_{1}, u_{1}) = hu_{1} & l_{1} = hg(x_{1}, y_{1}, u_{1}) \\ K_{1} = 0.25x - 0.21875 = -0.0546875 , l_{1} = 0.25(0.25 - 0.96875) \\ l_{1} = -0.1796875 \\ l_{1} = -0.1796875 \\ k_{2} = hf(x_{1} + h, y_{1} + K_{1}, u_{1} + l_{1}) \\ K_{2} = 0.25(-0.2875 + -0.1796875) \\ l_{2} = 0.25(0.5 - 0.3984375) \\ K_{2} = -0.099609315 \\ J_{2} = 0.025390625 \\ J_{2} = 0.025390625 \\ J_{2} = 0.8916035625 \\ J_{2} = 0.891603625 \\ J_{2} = 0.89160362$